National Board of Examinations

Question Paper Name :DNB Biochemistry Paper2Subject Name :DNB Biochemistry Paper2Creation Date :2023-10-15 14:13:41Duration :180Share Answer Key With Delivery Engine :No

Actual Answer Key: No

DNB Biochemistry Paper2

Group Number: 1

Group Id: 3271872450

Group Maximum Duration: 0

Group Minimum Duration : 180

Show Attended Group?: No

Edit Attended Group?: No

Group Marks: 100

Is this Group for Examiner? : No

Examiner permission : Cant View

Show Progress Bar?: No

DNB Biochemistry Paper2

Section Id: 3271872453

Section Number: 1

Section type: Offline

Mandatory or Optional: Mandatory

Number of Questions to be attempted: 10

Section Marks: 100

Enable Mark as Answered Mark for Review and

Clear Response:

Yes

Maximum Instruction Time: 0

Sub-Section Number: 1

Sub-Section Id: 3271872457

Question Shuffling Allowed: No

Is Section Default?: null

Question Number: 1 Question Id: 32718724733 Question Type: SUBJECTIVE Consider As

Subjective : Yes Calculator : None Response Time : N.A Think Time : N.A Minimum Instruction

Time: 0

Correct Marks: 10

Please write your answers in the answer booklet within the allotted pages as follows:-

Question Number	Answer to be attempted within	Question Number	Answer to be attempted within
Q. 1	Page 1-5	Q. 6	Page 26-30
Q. 2	Page 6-10	Q. 7	Page 31-35
Q. 3	Page 11-15	Q. 8	Page 36-40
Q. 4	Page 16-20	Q. 9	Page 41-45
Q. 5	Page 21-25	Q. 10	Page 46-50

1. Name the different types of porphyria and add a note on laboratory test of blood and urine test for porphyria. [10]

Question Number: 2 Question Id: 32718724734 Question Type: SUBJECTIVE Consider As

Subjective: Yes Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction

Time: 0

Correct Marks: 10

Describe the mechanism and regulation of ATP synthesis. [10]

Question Number: 3 Question Id: 32718724735 Question Type: SUBJECTIVE Consider As

Subjective: Yes Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction

Time: 0

Correct Marks: 10

Discuss about double marker test, triple test, quadruple test and penta marker test. [10]

Question Number: 4 Question Id: 32718724736 Question Type: SUBJECTIVE Consider As

Subjective: Yes Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction

Time: 0

Correct Marks: 10

Describe the different ABC transporters present in human and the diseases due to mutation of ABC transporters. [10]

Question Number: 5 Question Id: 32718724737 Question Type: SUBJECTIVE Consider As

Subjective: Yes Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction

Time: 0

Correct Marks: 10

Enumerate the extended lipid profile. Describe the metabolism of LDL. What is the role of PCSK 9 inhibitors? [10]

Question Number: 6 Question Id: 32718724738 Question Type: SUBJECTIVE Consider As

Subjective: Yes Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction

Time: 0

Correct Marks: 10

Explain branched chain amino acids metabolism. Add a note on Maple Syrup urine disease and its lab diagnosis. [10]

Question Number: 7 Question Id: 32718724739 Question Type: SUBJECTIVE Consider As

Subjective: Yes Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction

Time: 0

Correct Marks: 10

Discuss biochemical theory of aging and biomarkers of aging. How resveratrol act? [10]

Question Number: 8 Question Id: 32718724740 Question Type: SUBJECTIVE Consider As

Subjective : Yes Calculator : None Response Time : N.A Think Time : N.A Minimum Instruction

Time: 0

Correct Marks: 10

Mechanism of action of hormones with suitable examples. [10]

Question Number: 9 Question Id: 32718724741 Question Type: SUBJECTIVE Consider As

Subjective: Yes Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction

Time: 0

Correct Marks: 10

Glycemic index and glycemic load. [10]

Question Number: 10 Question Id: 32718724742 Question Type: SUBJECTIVE Consider As

Subjective: Yes Calculator: None Response Time: N.A Think Time: N.A Minimum Instruction

Time: 0

Correct Marks: 10

- a) Fat burn under flame of carbohydrates. [5]
- b) Advanced glycation end protein cause damage in diabetic mellitus, justify it. [5]